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Inspection Report

Dan Moulton

976 14th Avenue S W

Rochester, MN 55902

Customer ID: 2401

Certificate: 41-B-0239

Site: 001

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: 11-SEP-2014

2.40(b)(2) REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

Appropriate Methods of Treatment

One Chinchilla BDZ-289 was noted as having a large protruding growth coming out of its neck. The licensee stated that he had discovered the problem earlier and intended on taking the animal to the veterinarian the next day, however there was no proof that the problem had been noted before today, nor that there were any intentions on having it treated. Health problems that may arise must be addressed by a veterinarian or they may lead to more serious problems in the future. The above listed animal must be seen by a veterinarian.

3.125(a) DIRECT REPEAT

FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Structural Strength

REPEAT

In at least 6 enclosures, there are blocks of wood being used as enrichment. The animals have chewed these wood blocks to the extent that they are exposing nails which were inside them that now poses an injury hazard. Most of these were removed during the inspection. Several feeders throughout the facility has jagged rusty edges that may come into contact with the chinchillas when they eat. Several enclosures were noted as having jagged, rusty points sticking out towards the chinchillas caused by damage in the front metal wire walls of the enclosures. Several of these were removed during the inspection. Direct injury and infection can occur by exposing animals to sharp or rusted objects. Remove any enrichment containing sharp or rusty objects.

DIRECT/REPEAT

Enclosures housing 131 adult Chinchillas contained a tray on the floor in the past which the animals had direct

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01-OCT-2014

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 6021

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contact with. These trays have since been removed, exposing 1 inch by 1 inch metal wire flooring underneath. Other enclosures in the back room have always had 1 inch 1 inch flooring. The flooring does not protect the animals from injury, as the gaps between the wire are much larger than the feet of the chinchillas. Materials that come in contact with the animals must protect the animals from injury. Ensure that the enclosures are structurally sound and maintained appropriately.

3.130 **REPEAT**

WATERING.

Water Receptacles

There continues to be many sections of the watering line that has an excessive buildup of hair, cobwebs, and excreta built up on them. At least 5 glass water bottles being used in enclosures without watering lines have a green hazy buildup on the inside walls of them. Unclean watering lines can contaminate the water supply which can affect the animals in a negative way. All watering lines must be cleaned or replaced in order to assure a clean supply of water to the animals.

3.131(a) REPEAT

SANITATION.

Cleaning of enclosures

There continues to be an excessive accumulation of excreta in several at least 3 of the primary enclosures. The facility failed to maintain the primary caging of these animals in a sanitary condition. Unsanitary conditions can lead to biological disease hazards and can affect the comfort of the animals as well as their health and well-being. Eliminate the buildup of waste material from the primary enclosures and maintain in a clean and sanitary condition.

Exit interview was conducted with the licensee.

Additional Inspectors

Welch Scott, Veterinary Medical Officer

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United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

Customer: 2401 Inspection Date: 11-SEP-14

Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
2401	41-B-0239	001	DAN MOULTON	11-SEP-14

CountScientific NameCommon Name000737Chinchilla brevicaudataCHINCHILLA000737Total